

Bacterial Immunofluorescence protocol

(Adapted from Jose et al., 2005, doi: 10.1016/j.ab.2005.08.019)

- 1) For every cell type that needs testing, grow a culture of bacterial cells in 5mL LB (+antibiotics) overnight at 37 °C.
- 2) Next morning, take OD₆₀₀ of the cultures (OD of 1 for *E. coli* corresponds to ~10⁸ cells/mL), and dilute into 2 fresh 5mL LB tubes (+antibiotics) to OD₆₀₀ of ~0.01. To one of these tubes, add IPTG to end concentration of 1mM. Incubate both tubes in a 37 °C shaker.
- 3) After ~3 hr of incubation, start monitoring OD of the cultures every half hour. We want to fix these cells at an OD₆₀₀ of ~0.5.
- 4) As soon as a culture reaches OD₆₀₀ of ~0.4-0.5, spin down 1mL of the culture in an Eppendorf tube at 8000xg (=rcf) for 1 min, and carefully discard the supernatant (be careful so as to only remove the supernatant, without disturbing the cells in the pellet).
- 5) Re-suspend the pellet in 1mL 1xPBS by pipetting up and down 5 times. Spin down the cells at 8000xg (=rcf) for 1 min, and carefully discard the supernatant.
- 6) Repeat the PBS wash in Step-5 two more times.
- 7) Now, re-suspend the cells in 0.5mL 1xPBS by pipetting. Add 0.8 uL BSA (NEB# B9000S, which is supplied with the restriction enzymes) to the re-suspended 1mL cells (end conc. ~3% BSA), and mix by pipetting.
- 8) Drop 50uL of the resuspension on a coverslip (round coverslips preferred), and incubate at 37 °C until it is completely dry. Once dry, save the coverslip at RT until all the cultures have been processed similarly.
- 9) Once all cultures have been dried onto coverslips, prepare petriplates (one for each coverslip) with a parafilm square in each plate.
- 10) Place the coverlips bacterial-side-up onto a parafilm square (1 coverslip per plate, label the petriplate- these plates can be re-used later). Move the plates to a fume hood, and add a few drops of 1xPBS+4%(para)formaldehyde onto the coveslip, enough to cover all area. Incubate at room temperature for 20 min. [FIXING STEP] **All handling of (para)formaldehyde must be done inside a fume hood, since it's quite toxic!**
- 11) Remove the fixing solution by pipetting off, and gently absorbing with a tissue paper.
- 12) Wash the slips by adding ~250-500uL 1xPBS, incubating at RT for 10min, then pipetting off/ absorbing. Do this 3 times.
- 13) Add 250-500uL blocking solution (1xPBS+3%BSA) onto the coverslip, and incubate at RT for 15 min. [BLOCKING STEP]
- 14) As before, wash the slips by adding ~250-500uL 1xPBS, incubating at RT for 10min, then pipetting off/ absorbing. Do this 3 times.
- 15) Add a blotting paper base to each petriplate, dampen the base by spraying/ sqirting some distilled water, and place a dry parafilm square on top. This keeps the setup moist and prevents evaporation during longer incubations. Put back the cover slips onto the parafilm square.
- 16) Add ~50uL diluted Primary Antibody (1°Ab) (1xPBS+3%BSA+500x diluted Ab) onto the coverslip to cover the cells, and incubate on ice/ 4°C for 1 hr. [PRIMARY INCUBATION STEP] The primary we'll use is ANTi-FLAG Sigma F1804 (mouse monoclonal IgG).
- 17) As before, wash the slips by adding ~250-500uL 1xPBS, incubating at RT for 10min, then pipetting off/ absorbing. Do this 3 times.
- 18) **This step onwards, everything must be done in the dark.** Add ~50uL diluted Secondary Antibody (2°Ab) (1xPBS+3%BSA+500x diluted Ab) onto the coverslip to cover the cells, and

incubate on ice/ 4°C for 1 hr. [SECONDARY INCUBATION STEP] The secondary we'll use is goat anti-mouse Alexa Fluor 488.

- 19) As before, wash the slips by adding ~250-500uL 1xPBS, incubating at RT for 10min, then pipetting off/ absorbing. Do this 3 times.
- 20) Add a drop of the mounting medium (ProLong Diamond Antifade Reagent, Fisher #15372192) on a glass slide and place the coverslip on top of it (bacterial-side-down).
- 21) Seal the edges of the cover-slip with nail-polish, and save in the fridge (4°C), for later visualization.